



Radioactive Iodine (I-131) Thyroid Cancer Therapy: Reducing Exposure Less Than 50 mCi Patients

In the days after your radioactive iodine (I-131) therapy, you will need to take steps to prevent radiation exposure to others.

How can I prevent external radiation exposures?

Because of the radioactive medicine you received, your body will give off radiation (similar to an X-ray). This will decrease with time and will eventually go away. Until then, you can reduce radiation exposures to people around you by:

- **increasing your distance** from them
- **decreasing the time** spent close to them

Below is a list of several **precautions** (actions to lower risk) you should take to prevent radiation exposure to others. The table shows how long you are required to follow each precaution for patients who received **less than 33 mCi** units.

Precautions	Number of days
Sleep in a separate bed from other adults (at least 6 feet away from others)	2 days
Sleep in a separate bed from pregnant partners, babies, or children	6 days
Avoid being in close contact with children and pregnant people (stay at least 6 feet away)	2 days
Keep a safe distance from others (about 3 feet away)	2 days
Drink plenty of liquids (like water and juices)	2 days

Precautions	Number of days
Wait to go back to work	2 days
Avoid spending more than 1-2 hours in public places	2 days
Avoid traveling in close small groups (such as in a car, where you are sitting within 3 feet of others) for any longer than 2 hours	2 days
Do not travel by airplane or mass transportation (bus, train, etc.)	2 days
Do not travel on a long (6 or more hours) car trip with others	3 days

How can I prevent internal radiation exposures?

It's possible that a small amount of the radioactive medicine you received could be transferred to others near you. This could happen through body fluids like urine (pee), saliva (spit), and sweat. This risk is low, but following these precautions for 2-3 days will help reduce it even more.

- Avoid mouth-to-mouth contact.
- Do not share items that come into contact with your mouth (like toothbrushes and eating utensils).
- Use separate or disposable eating utensils and wash them separately.
- Use a separate bathroom from others, if possible.
- Sit down whenever you use the toilet (rather than peeing standing up) for 3 days. Keep the toilet very clean.
 - Flush it 2-3 times after each use.
 - Keep small children away from the toilet area.
 - Always wash your hands well after using the toilet so you don't spread radiation or germs to door handles or other items in your home.

- For 3 days after treatment, flush any tissue paper that contains anything from your body (such as blood, pee, or poop) down the toilet.
- Shower every day for at least the first 3 days after treatment.
- Drink often and stay well-hydrated before and for at least 2 days after your therapy. You should be peeing often.
- We strongly recommend that you have a bowel movement every day. Use a laxative if necessary.
- Wash your laundry separately from the laundry of other members of your household for 3 days. You do not need to use bleach or do extra rinses. This includes:
 - Sheets
 - Towels
 - Washcloths
 - Pajamas
 - Underwear
 - Clothes that have sweat, blood, or pee on them
- Avoid sexual activity for 7 days.
- All genders must use effective birth control methods during treatment and for 6 months after.
- Try to avoid using a public restroom for the first few times you pee or poop after your therapy.
- We strongly recommend you do not stay in a hotel in the first 3 days after your therapy.

If you have any questions, please contact the Nuclear Medicine Therapy Clinic at (734) 232-6072.

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